

FREE PRACTICE PACK · EDITION 1

Class 7 Social Studies Olympiad practice

16 original questions + explained answers

For students preparing for SOF ISSO.

Inside this pack

Eight topic-practice questions and an eight-question, 20-minute mini-mock.

Topics selected for practice

- Medieval history
- Environment
- Markets
- State government
- Equality

How to use it

Try the practice first. Complete the mini-mock in one sitting. Check the explanations, mark mistakes, and retry them the next day.

This pack covers selected topics. It is original BodhiScore material, independent of SOF, and is not an official paper or a full-length exam. Check the official syllabus for the complete scope.

Topic practice

Work through these eight questions without a timer. Explain your choice before checking the solutions.

1. Medieval history

Why must historians consider who wrote a court chronicle?

- | | |
|------------------------------|---|
| A. Only rulers matter | B. The writer may have a viewpoint |
| C. Dates never matter | D. All sources are identical |
-

2. Environment

Which is a likely effect of clearing mangroves along a coast?

- | | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| A. No change to tides | B. Instant freshwater |
| C. Less natural storm protection | D. More coral on streets |
-

3. Markets

What does a price signal often communicate in a market?

- | | |
|---|-------------------------------|
| A. Relative demand and supply conditions | B. A guaranteed profit |
| C. A legal verdict | D. A weather forecast |
-

Topic practice (continued)

4. State government

Who is the constitutional head of an Indian state?

- | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------|
| A. Governor | B. Chief Minister |
| C. Mayor | D. Sarpanch |
-

5. Equality

Which policy most directly improves access for a wheelchair user at a public office?

- | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
| A. Locked entrance | B. More stairs |
| C. A usable ramp | D. A taller counter only |
-

6. Medieval history

An archive contains land-revenue records. What can they help study?

- | | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| A. Future planets | B. Modern passwords |
| C. Ocean salinity only | D. Administration and agriculture |
-

7. Environment

Which gas is a major greenhouse gas released by burning fossil fuels?

- | | |
|--------------------------|------------------|
| A. Nitrogen | B. Helium |
| C. Carbon dioxide | D. Oxygen |
-

Topic practice (continued)

8. Markets

A shop buys notebooks for ₹20 and sells them for ₹25. What is the gross difference per notebook before other costs?

- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| A. ₹5 | B. ₹20 |
| C. ₹25 | D. ₹45 |
-

Timed mini-mock

Set a 20-minute timer for these eight questions. Score 1 point per correct answer; there is no penalty for an incorrect answer. This is BodhiScore's practice scoring.

9. State government

Which issue is normally handled by a state legislature?

- A.** Another nation's treaty
 - B.** A family timetable
 - C.** A school's lunchbox
 - D.** State laws
-

10. Equality

Equal treatment means a teacher should ____.

- A.** assume ability from background
 - B.** apply fair rules without prejudice
 - C.** ignore some students' work
 - D.** reward only friends
-

11. Medieval history

Two sources disagree about a battle. What is the best next step?

- A.** Choose the longer source
 - B.** Discard both without reading automatically
 - C.** Treat one as true because it is old
 - D.** Compare evidence and context
-

Timed mini-mock (continued)

12. Environment

Which change most reduces household electricity demand?

- A.** Run an empty cooler
 - B.** Switch off unused appliances
 - C.** Keep lights on all day
 - D.** Open the fridge repeatedly
-

13. Markets

A vendor has fewer tomatoes after heavy rain damages crops. If demand is unchanged, what pressure is likely on price?

- A.** No possible change
 - B.** Price becomes a law
 - C.** Upward
 - D.** Downward to zero
-

14. State government

A citizen wants to know how a state department spent public money. Which democratic practice supports this?

- A.** Ignoring budgets
 - B.** Seeking public information through lawful channels
 - C.** Spreading invented figures
 - D.** Damaging records
-

Timed mini-mock (continued)

15. Equality

A scholarship is designed for students facing a documented barrier to education. What is its main aim?

- A.** Give prizes randomly
 - B.** Remove schooling
 - C.** Punish achievement
 - D.** Reduce unequal opportunity
-

16. Markets

A cooperative lets small producers sell together. Which problem can this most directly reduce?

- A.** Weak bargaining power
 - B.** Rainfall everywhere
 - C.** Need for any customers
 - D.** All production costs
-

Answers and explanations

Check why the answer works, then retry any question you missed.

1. B - The writer may have a viewpoint

A source can reflect its author's purpose and position, so it needs contextual reading.

2. C - Less natural storm protection

Mangroves help reduce wave energy and protect coastal ecosystems.

3. A - Relative demand and supply conditions

Prices can change as demand, supply and costs change.

4. A - Governor

The Governor is the constitutional head of a state.

5. C - A usable ramp

A ramp can remove a physical barrier to access.

6. D - Administration and agriculture

Revenue records can reveal land, crops and administrative arrangements.

7. C - Carbon dioxide

Burning coal, oil and gas releases carbon dioxide, a greenhouse gas.

8. A - ₹5

₹25 minus ₹20 equals ₹5 before expenses such as rent or wages.

Answers and explanations (continued)

9. D - State laws

State legislatures make laws on matters in the state's legislative sphere.

10. B - apply fair rules without prejudice

Fairness requires judging students by relevant work and needs, not stereotypes.

11. D - Compare evidence and context

Comparing authorship, purpose and other evidence helps evaluate disagreement.

12. B - Switch off unused appliances

Avoiding unnecessary use reduces electricity consumption.

13. C - Upward

A lower supply with unchanged demand tends to create upward pressure on price.

14. B - Seeking public information through lawful channels

Public accountability is supported by lawful access to information and scrutiny.

15. D - Reduce unequal opportunity

Targeted support can help overcome barriers that create unequal access.

16. A - Weak bargaining power

Selling collectively can strengthen producers' bargaining position with buyers.

Topic scope checked against SOF syllabus: [SOF ISSO Class 7 syllabus](#)